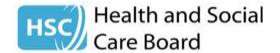
HSCB Service Notification for the managed entry of new medicines and technologies



1. Treatment & Condition

Nivolumab for treating squamous cell carcinoma of the head and neck after platinum-based chemotherapy.

2. Associated appraisal body & Summary of ruling

NICE Technology Appraisal guidance TA490 (November 2017)

Nivolumab (Opdivo®) is recommended for use within the Cancer Drugs Fund as an option for treating squamous cell carcinoma of the head and neck in adults whose disease has progressed on platinum-based chemotherapy, only if:

- the disease has progressed within 6 months of having chemotherapy
- nivolumab is stopped at 2 years of uninterrupted treatment, or earlier in the event of disease progression and
- the conditions in the managed access agreement are followed.

3. Number of people in Northern Ireland expected to take up service/therapy

According to the NICE Resource Impact Statement that accompanies TA490, it is expected that 240 people per year in England with squamous cell carcinoma of the head and neck are eligible for treatment with nivolumab. Extrapolated to the Northern Ireland population, this equates to 8 people per year in Northern Ireland who are eligible for treatment.

4. Patient Access Scheme Availability

(Yes/No)

The company (Bristol-Myers Squibb) has a managed access arrangement. This makes nivolumab available to the NHS with a discount. The size of the discount is commercial in confidence.

HSC Trusts will be required to claim all relevant reimbursements or discounts that form part of the commercial access arrangement.

5. Infrastructure Requirements

Any additional infrastructure costs associated with the introduction of new cancer therapies will be dealt with as part of the routine commissioning process.

6. Expected implementation period

There is no impediment to immediate implementation for new patients.

7. Commissioning arrangements

This regimen will be formally commissioned by the HSCB/PHA via the Specialist

Services Commissioning Team on a cost-per-case (CPC) basis for as long as NICE indicates that funding via the Cancer Drugs Fund is appropriate.

8. Monitoring arrangements

The HSCB cost per case process will generate quarterly reports on the number of applications.

HSCB currently routinely reviews quarterly monitoring information in relation to the usage of all recurrently specialist cancer drugs across both the Cancer Centre and other Units.

The monitoring pro forma will be adapted to capture information in respect of this regimen and this group of patients. This monitoring report is submitted to the Specialist Services Commissioning Team for formal review and comment by the Team.

Numbers of patients who received or are receiving treatment will be monitored by the HSC Board and reported to the Department of Health.

9. DoH (NI) Legislative/Policy Caveats

This advice does not override or replace the individual responsibility of health professionals to make appropriate decisions in the circumstances of their individual patients, in consultation with the patient and/or guardian or carer. This would, for example, include situations where individual patients have other conditions or complications that need to be taken into account in determining whether the NICE guidance is fully appropriate in their case.

The Rural Needs Act (NI) 2016 has been considered and this guidance, which is purely of a technical nature, is not regarded as falling within the scope of the Act.